

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

3/5/03

OMB APPROVAL

3235-0123 OMB Number.

Expires: September 30, 1998 Estimated average burden hours per response . . . 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

## FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the R 1 2003 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

THOMSON 12-31 FINANCIAL 01 - 01 - 02REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING \_ AND ENDING MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

## A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

#### NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Schoff & Baxter, Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

203 Washington St.

(No. and Street)

Burlington

TA

52601

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

(Area Code - Telephoone No.)

## **B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

319-385-3026

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

209 S. White St.

Mt. Pleasant

52641

(Address)

(City)

(State)

CHECK ONE:

SEC 1410 (3-91)

- Certified Public Accountant
- ☐ Public Accountant
- ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Zip Code) RECEIVED

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respondunless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number. MAR 1 0 2003

# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, _	Harry I. Baxte	r	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
	of my knowledge and belief	the accompanying financial	statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
000	Schoff & Baxter,		semental and supporting separate becaused to me that of
• ——-	Scholl a baxtel,	The.	, as of
De	ecember 31	19X2002 are true and o	orrect. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor	any partner, proprietor, princi		y proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
	istomer, except as follows:	•.	
	•	<u>.</u>	
			`
			$\lambda$
			$(A \cap A) \cap A$
	The second secon		La la M
	EDDIE D HART		/Signature
	Notarial Seal - lowa		President
	Commission # 702953		President
	My Commission Expires 4-2	8-03	Title
	5.0.011		
	Notary Public	<u> </u>	
	rodry rubuc		
	• •		
Thic	report** contains (check all a	annlicable hoves):	
	(a) Facing page.	appheable boxes).	
	(b) Statement of Financial Co	andition	
	(c) Statement of Income (Los		
	(d) Statement of Changes in H	•	
	• •		ners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f) Statement of Changes in I		
	(g) Computation of Net Capit		and of Cications.
	(h) Computation for Determine		mes Dormont to Dulo 15a2 2
	• •		
	(i) Information Relating to the		
			f the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	-	<del>-</del>	ements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	<ul><li>(k) A Reconciliation between t solidation.</li></ul>	the audited and unaudited Stat	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
<b>8</b> 0 (	(i) An Oath or Affirmation.		
	• •	olemental Denort	
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supp		in an found to have mined since the date of the mentions andit
<b>2</b> (	(n) A report describing any mai	menai madequacies found to ex	dist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# Contents

	Schedule	Page
Independent Auditors' Report		1
Financial Statements:		
Statements of Financial Condition		2
Statements of Income and Retained Earnings		3
Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity		4
Statements of Cash Flows		5
Notes to Financial Statements		6-10
Supplementary Information:		
Computation of Net Capital	1	11-12
Computation of Net Capital Requirement	2	12-13
Scheduled Withdrawals	3	14
Statement of Changes	4	15
Report on Requirements of Commodity Futures Trading Commission		
Regulations 1.16 and 1.17		16-17
Report on Compliance with Rule 17a-5 of the Securities		
and Exchange Commission		18-20
Reconciliation of Computation Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the		
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under		
Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3 in the Audit Report with the Company's		
Corresponding Unaudited Most Recent Part II A Filing		21
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement Pursuant to SEC 15c 3-3		22
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirement Under		
SEC Rule 15c 3-3		23
DDC Rule 130 3-3		23

Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001





Practical Applications, Innovative Results

209 S. White Street Mt. Pleasant, IA 52641 (319) 385-3026 Fax (319) 385-0581

www.tdtpc.com

Additional Offices: Centerville Fairfield Marshalltown Oskaloosa Ottumwa Pella Sigourney

## Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors and Stockholder Schoff & Baxter, Inc. Burlington, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Schoff & Baxter, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Schoff & Baxter, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and results of its operations and its cash flows for the years respectively then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa January 21, 2003

# Statements of Financial Condition December 31, 2002 and 2001

Assets		<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Cash in bank	\$	56,232	56,227
Cash and securities segregated under	•	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
federal and other regulations		1,122	2,917
Deposits with clearing organizations and others		20,000	20,000
Employee advances		33,110	30,475
Receivables from brokers and dealers		43,820	64,011
Receivable from stockholder		5,750	, -
Prepaid rent		8,397	10,651
Prepaid dues and subscriptions		6,058	6,284
Prepaid insurance		1,136	3,563
Marketable securities owned, at market value		6,717	57,106
Membership in exchange, owned at cost		11,500	11,500
Property and equipment at cost, less accumulated			
depreciation of \$69,315 and \$60,495, respectively		<u>32,504</u>	42,924
Total assets	\$	226,346	<u>305,658</u>
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity			
Liabilities:			
Short-term portion of bank loans	\$	_	30,708
Accounts payable	•	37,567	32,261
Accrued expenses		14,932	31,041
Total liabilities		52,499	94,010
Stockholder's equity:			
Common stock		112,500	112,500
Paid in capital		277,670	106,670
Retained earnings	(	( <u>216,323</u> )	(7,522)
Total stockholder's equity		<u>173,847</u>	<u>211,648</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	<u>226,346</u>	<u>305,658</u>

# Statements of Income and Retained Earnings For the Years Ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Omaratina in course		
Operating income:  Commissions – commodities	\$ 52,760	44,967
Commissions – commodities  Commissions – securities	808,795	1,110,375
Commissions – securities  Commissions – certificates of deposit	9,292	8,839
Commissions – certificates of deposit	183,828	232,250
Commissions – insurance	32,484	56,139
Interest, dividends, and rent received	11,324	27,874
Net dealer inventory and investment gain (loss)	(9,260)	(11,125)
Total operating income	1,089,223	1,469,319
Total operating meome	1,009,223	1,402,519
Operating expenses:		
Advertising	5,326	6,072
Broker fees	21,897	11,473
Clearing fees	110,004	160,873
Commissions	609,805	914,026
Consulting	8,850	30,645
Contributions	900	475
Depreciation	9,360	9,920
Dues and subscriptions	7,404	5,617
Option errors	( 517)	5,283
Insurance	41,060	48,156
Interest	2,893	3,438
Legal and accounting	77,648	43,179
Meals and entertainment	379	1,416
Office operations	17,098	22,322
Postage	9,792	9,975
Rent	101,495	104,462
Salaries	142,039	133,618
Simplified employee pension plan	4,803	2,077
Social security and unemployment tax	38,367	48,161
Taxes – other	6,846	12,971
Telephone and technologies	<u>82,575</u>	<u>104,154</u>
Total operating expenses	1,298,024	<u>1,678,313</u>
Net income (loss)	( 208,801)	( 208,994)
Retained earnings – beginning	( 7,522)	224,222
Dividends	<u></u>	(22,750)
Retained earnings – ending	\$ ( <u>216,323</u> )	(7,522)

# Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Common stock balance at January 1 Paid in capital Retained earnings balance at January 1 Stockholder's equity at January 1	\$ 112,500 106,670 ( <u>7,522</u> ) 211,648	112,500 11,500 <u>224,222</u> 348,222
Net income (loss) Dividends Additional paid in capital	(208,801) - 171,000	(208,994) ( 22,750) <u>95,170</u>
Balance at December 31	\$ <u>173,847</u>	211,648
Balance December 31, consisted of:		
Common stock Paid in capital Retained earnings	\$ 112,500 277,670 (216,323)	112,500 106,670 ( <u>7,522</u> )
Total	\$ <u>173,847</u>	<u>211,648</u>

# Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (208,801)	(208,994)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net		, ,
cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation	9,360	9,920
Noncash contribution	400	•
Change in receivables	17,556	77,544
Change in prepaid expenses	4,907	4,913
Change in securities	50,389	149,577
Change in accounts payable	5,306	( 27,936)
Change in accrued expenses	(16,109)	(_36,816)
Net cash provided (used) by operations	(136,992)	(31,792)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash proceeds from furniture and fixtures	987	-
Cash paid for furniture and fixtures	(327)	(1,135)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	660	(1,135)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Cash proceeds from notes payable	-	30,000
Cash used from notes payable	( 30,708)	(22,760)
Cash used from stockholder receivable	( 5,750)	-
Additional paid in capital	171,000	95,170
Dividends paid		(22,750)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	134,542	79,660
Net change in cash	( 1,790)	46,733
Cash balance – beginning	59,144	12,411
Cash balance – ending	\$ <u>57,354</u>	<u>59,144</u>

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

## Note 1 – Accounting Policies

#### Organization and Nature of Business

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Chicago Stock Exchange and the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). The Company is an Iowa Corporation that has an office in Burlington, Iowa and California offices in Long Beach and Los Angeles. In 2002 the Company closed their Long Beach, California office.

### **Business Activity**

Customers' securities and commodities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses recorded on a trade date basis. Securities and commodities transactions of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Marketable securities are valued at market value. The resulting difference between cost and market (or fair value) is included in income.

#### Commissions

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

#### Income Taxes

Schoff & Baxter, Inc. has elected to be taxed as a Subchapter "S" corporation. Therefore, corporate net income and tax credits are passed through to the shareholder's tax return. Thus, Schoff & Baxter, Inc. has no tax liability for income tax on December 31, 2002 and 2001.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis using estimated lives of five to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the economic useful life of the improvement.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2002 and 2001

## Note 2 - Cash and Securities Segregated Under Federal and Other Regulations

Cash has been segregated in a special reserve bank account for the benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission at December 31, 2002 and 2001 of \$1,122 and \$2,917, respectfully.

## Note 3 - Receivable From and Payable to Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Amounts receivable from and payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations at December 31, 2002 and 2001, consist of the following:

	2002	2002	2001	2001
	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
Fees and commissions receivable/payable Payable to clearing broker	\$ 43,820	-	64,011	-

## Note 4 - Receivable From and Payable to Customers

Accounts receivable from and payable to customers include amounts due on cash and margin transactions. Securities owned by customers are held as collateral for receivables. Such collateral is not reflected in the financial statements.

## Note 5 – Securities Owned

Marketable securities owned as illustrated below:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Corporate stock	\$ 6,717	57,106

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2002 and 2001

## Note 6 - Long-Term Lease

The Company is under an operating lease for the annual rental of office space at December 31, 2002 and 2001, for \$6,900 each year for the Burlington office. The Los Angeles, California office is under an operating lease of \$6,916 a month for one year, then \$7,192 a month for a year, then \$7,480 a month for a year, then \$7,779 a month for a year. The Company is also under an operating lease on a phone system of \$653 a month, which goes through December 2005. Future obligations over the primary terms of the Company's long-term lease as of December 31, 2002 are:

Year Ended	Amount
2003	\$ 99,106
2004	102,480
2005	105,990
2006	61,354
2007	6,900

# Note 7 - Property and Equipment

## Equipment details are as follows:

2002	<u>Life</u>	Cost	Accumulated <u>Depreciation</u>	Net
Equipment Leasehold improvements	5-10 years 7-31.5 years	\$ 62,744 _39,075	44,476 24,839	18,268 14,236
		\$ <u>101,819</u>	<u>69,315</u>	32,504
2001 Equipment Leasehold improvements	5-10 years 7-31.5 years	\$ 64,344 39,075	36,406 24,089	27,938 14,986
		\$ <u>103,419</u>	60,495	<u>42,924</u>

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2002 and 2001

### Note 8 - Membership in Stock Exchange

The Company is a member of the Chicago Stock Exchange. A membership consists of one seat which is carried at cost. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, the carrying value of the membership is \$11,500. The fair market value of the seat at December 31, 2002 was \$31,000 based on the last seat sale in December 2002.

The membership seat is leased under a 60-day term. The amount of rent received in 2002 and 2001 was \$8,615 and \$24,153 respectfully.

#### Note 9 – Cash Flows Information

The Company considers all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Company made a noncash contribution of office equipment in 2002. The original cost of the office equipment was \$500 less accumulated depreciation of \$100 for a net contribution of \$400. The Company did not have any noncash financing transactions in 2001.

Cash paid for interest for 2002 and 2001 was \$3,109 and \$3,344, respectively.

#### Note 10 – Common Stock

Common stock consists of 1,000 shares authorized, no par value stock of which 562 1/2 shares are outstanding.

#### Note 11 – Pension Plans

The Company has a salary reduction simplified employee pension plan to which employees may participate after a minimum of three years of service. The employer contributes 3% of compensation to participants according to Internal Revenue Service regulations.

### Note 12 - Financial Instruments With Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, and settlement of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

### Note 13 – Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the credit-worthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2002 and 2001

## Note 14 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The Company is also subject to the Commodity Futures Trading Commission's (CFTC's) minimum financial requirements (Regulation 1.17), which require that the Company maintain net capital, as defined, equal to 4 percent of customer funds required to be segregated pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act, less the market value of certain commodity options, all as defined. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$73,844, which was \$23,844 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .71 to 1.

## Note 15 - Pending Litigation

The Company has been named in two arbitration cases. The outcome of each case cannot be determined but is not expected to be material.

## Note 16 - Paid in Capital

Paid in capital account for December 31, 2002 was as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2001 \$ 106,670

Cash paid in by shareholder 171,000

Balance at December 31, 2002 \$ 277,670

#### Note 17 - Notes Payable

For the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company had notes payable \$30,708. The balance was paid off during the year ended December 31, 2002.

#### Note 18 - Subsequent Events

On February 7, 2003, the Company closed their Los Angeles office. They will sublease the office space and lease the equipment.

## DECEMBER 31, 2002

# COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

	al ownership equity from Statement of Financial Co	ondition	168,097 [ <b>3480</b> ]
Dec	duct ownership equity not allowable for Net Capital		
	•		[3490]
Tot	al ownership equity qualified for Net Capital		168,097
Ado	·		[3500]
A.	Liabilities subordinated to claims of general cre computation of net capital	editors allowable in	0
В.	Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List)		[3520]
	INCOFA)		
	[3525A]	[3525B]	
	[3525C]	[3525D]	
	[3525E]	[3525F]	<u>0</u> [3525]
Tota liabi	al capital and allowable subordinated lities		168,097 [3530]
Ded	uctions and/or charges:		
Α.	Total nonallowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C)	92,704 [3540]	
В.	Secured demand note deficiency	[3590]	
C.	Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities - proprietary capital charges	[3600]	
D.	Other deductions and/or charges	[3610]	-92,704 [3620]
Othe	r additions and/or credits (List)		
		(accep)	
	[3630A]	[3630B]	
	[3630A]	[3630B]	
			<u>0</u> [3630]

## DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Α.	Con	tractual securities commitments	,	
		<b>50</b> ,,	tractadi cocarillos communicino	[3660]	
	B.	Sub	ordinated securities borrowings		
				[3670]	
	C.	Trad	ling and investment securities:		
		1.	Exempted securities		
				[3735]	
		2.	Debt securities		
			•	[3733]	
		3.	Options	[3730]	
		4.	Other securities	- •	
		٦.	Other securities	<u>1,549</u> [3734]	
	D.	Undu	ue Concentration		
				[3650]	
	E.	Othe	r (List)		
		_		444-4-4	
			[3736A]	[3736B]	
		-	[3736C]	[3736D]	
		-	****		
			[3736E]	[3736F]	4.540
				<u>0</u> [3736]	-1,549 [3740]
10.	Net C	Capital		[2, 2, 2]	73,844
		·			[3750]
		######################################			SCHEDULE 2
			COMPUTATION OF BASIC N	NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	201122022
Part A	A				
11.	Minin	num net	capital required (6-2/3% of line 19)		3,499
					[3756]
12.			lar net capital requirement of reporting broker capital requirement of subsidiaries computed		50,000 [3758]
	accor	dance v	vith Note(A)	• ••	(0,00)
13.	Net c	apital re	quirement (greater of line 11 or 12)		50,000 [3760]
4.4	<b>F</b>		anifel (line 40 lane 40)		
14.	Exces	ss net ca	apital (line 10 less 13)		23,844 [3770]
15.	Fyce	ss net c	apital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19)		68,594
٠٠.	LAUG	C	april at 1000 /6 (iiiio 10 1000 10 /0 of iiiio 10)		[3780]

# **COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS**

Schedule 2 (Cont)

# DECEMBER 31, 2002

16.		I A.I. liabilities from Statement of notial Condition		52,498 [3790]	
17.	Add				
	Α.	Drafts for immediate credit	[3800]		
	В.	Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value is paid or credited	[3810]		
	C.	Other unrecorded amounts(List)			
		[3820A]	[38208]		
		[3820C]	{3820D}		
		[3820E]	[3820F]		
19.	Total	aggregate indebtedness		0 [3830] 52,498 [3840]	
20.	Perce net ca	entage of aggregate indebtedness to apital (line 19 / line 10)	%	71 [3850]	
	errich ether i entre en el Per	0	THER RATIOS		<u></u>
21.	Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)			%	<u>0</u> [3860]

#### DECEMBER 31, 2002

## SCHEDULED WITHDRAWALS

Ownership Equity and Subordinated Liabilities maturing or proposed to be withdrawn within the next six months and accruals, (as defined below), which have not been deducted in the computation of Net Capital.

Type of Proposed Withdrawal or Accrual	Name of Lender or Contributor	Insider or Outsider	Amount to be Withdrawn (cash amount and/or Net Capital Value of Securities)	Withdrawal or Maturity Date (MMDDYYYY)	to
_ [4600]					<del></del>
	[4601]	[4602]	[4603]	[4604]	[4605]
_ [4610]	[4611]	[4612]	[4613]	[4614]	[4615]
[4620]	[]	(.0.2]	[1010]	[401.1]	[40.0]
_ [,,,_,]	[4621]	[4622]	[4623]	[4624]	[4625]
_ [4630]					_
	[4631]	[4632]	[4633]	[4634]	[4635]
_ [4640]	[4641]	[4642]	[4643]	[4644]	[4645]
[4650]	[1011]	[,2]	[,,,,0]	[1011]	[1010]
_ [,,,,,,]	[4651]	[4652]	[4653]	[4654]	[4655]
_ [4660]			<u></u>		_
	[4661]	[4662]	[4663]	[4664]	[4665]
_ [4670]	[4671]	[4672]	[4673]	[4674]	[4675]
[4680]	[]	[, -, -]	[10.0]	[]	[.0,0]
	[4681]	[4682]	[4683]	[4684]	[4685]
_ [4690]					<del></del>
	[4691]	[4692]	[4693]	[4694]	[4695]
		TOTAL _	0		
		4	[4699]		
			Omit Pennies		

Instructions Detail listing must include the total of items maturing during the six month period following the report date, regardless of whether or not the capital contribution is expected to be renewed. The schedule must also include proposed capital withdrawals scheduled within the six month period following the report date including the proposed redemption of stock and payments of liabilities secured by fixed assets (which are considered allowable assets in the capital computation pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(c)(2)(iv)), which could be required by the lender on demand or in less than six months.

Withdrawal Code	Description	
1	Equity Capital	
2	Subordinated Liabilities	
3	Accruals	
4	15c3-1(c)(2)(iv) Liabilities	

# DECEMBER 31, 2002

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP EQUITY (SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, PARTNERSHIP OR CORPORATION)					
1.	Bala	ance, beginning of period	<u>174,661</u> [4240]		
	A.	Net income (loss)	<u>-95,076</u> <b>[4250</b> ]		
	В.	Additions (includes non-conforming capital of	1,000     91,000       [4262])     [4260]		
	C.	Deductions (includes non-conforming capital of	2,488 -2,488 [4272]) [4270]		
2.	Bala	nnce, end of period (From item 1800)	168,097 [4290]		
		STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDIN TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS	ATED		
3.	Bala	nce, beginning of period	[4300]		
	<b>A.</b>	Increases	[4310]		
	В.	Decreases	[4320]		
4.	Balaı	nce, end of period (From item 3520)	<u>0</u> [4330]		



Practical Applications, Innovative Results

209 S. White Street Mt. Pleasant, IA 52641 (319) 385-3026 Fax (319) 385-0581

www.tdtpc.com

Additional Offices: Centerville Fairfield Marshalltown Oskaloosa Ottumwa Pella Sigourney

## Report on Requirements of Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulations 1.16 and 1.17

Board of Directors and Stockholder Schoff & Baxter, Inc. Burlington, Iowa

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements of Schoff & Baxter, Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding customer and firm assets, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Regulation 1.16 of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Corporation including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Regulation 1.16 in making the following;

1. The periodic computations of the minimum financial requirements pursuant to regulation 1.17

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the CFTC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Regulation 1.16 lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matters involving the accounting system and its operation, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2002 and this report does not affect our report thereon dated January 21, 2003.

<u>Accounting System</u> – The Company does not have complete documentation for purchases made by their Los Angeles office. The Company did not have all of the invoices from purchases on hand.

Recommendation - All documentation from the Company's purchases should be kept on file.

Management's Response - We will keep all documentation for our transactions on file.

<u>Auditors' Conclusion</u> – Every effort should be made to have proper documentation and a trail of the accounting records.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the CFTC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with Commodity Exchange Act and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, except for the material weakness mentioned in the preceding paragraph were adequate at December 31, 2002 and 2001 to meet the CFTC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the CFTC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Regulation 1.16 of the CFTC, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa January 21, 2003



Practical Applications, Innovative Results

209 S. White Street Mt. Pleasant, IA 52641 (319) 385-3026 Fax (319) 385-0581

www.tdtpc.com

Additional Offices: Centerville Fairfield Marshalltown Oskaloosa Ottumwa Pella Sigourney

Report on Compliance with Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

Board of Directors and Stockholder Schoff & Baxter, Inc. Burlington, Iowa

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Schoff & Baxter, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examination, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However we noted the following matters involving the accounting system and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2002 and this report does not affect our report thereon dated January 21, 2003.

<u>Accounting System</u> – The Company does not have complete documentation for purchases made by their Los Angeles office. The Company did not have all of the invoices from purchases on hand.

Recommendation - All documentation from the Company's purchases should be kept on file.

<u>Management's Response</u> – We will keep all documentation for our transactions on file.

<u>Auditors' Conclusion</u> – Every effort should be made to have proper documentation and a trail of the accounting records.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, except for the material weakness mentioned in the preceding paragraph, were adequate at December 31, 2002 and 2001 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a5(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in the regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa January 21, 2003



Practical Applications, Innovative Results

209 S. White Street Mt. Pleasant, 1A 52641 (319) 385-3026 Fax (319) 385-0581

www.tdtpc.com

Additional Offices: Centerville Fairfield Marshalltown Oskaloosa Ottumwa Pella Sigourney

Reconciliation of Computation Net Capital Under Rule
15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve
Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3 in the Audit
Report with the Company's Corresponding Unaudited Most
Recent Part II A Filing

Board of Directors and Stockholder Schoff & Baxter, Inc. Burlington, Iowa

Net capital balance per 12-31-02 IIA filing

\$ 73,844

No adjustments

Net capital balance per audit of 12-31-02 financial statement

\$ 73,844

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa January 21, 2003



Practical Applications, Innovative Results

209 S. White Street Mt. Pleasant, IA 52641 (319) 385-3026 Fax (319) 385-0581 Additional Offices: Centerville Fairfield Marshalltown Oskaloosa Ottumwa Pella Sigourney

www.tdtpc.com

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement Pursuant to SEC 15c 3-3

Board of Directors and Stockholder Schoff & Baxter, Inc. Burlington, Iowa

The Company is exempt from SEC Rule 15c 3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) and accordingly is not required to make periodic computation of reserve requirements for the exclusive benefit of customers. The Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemptions for the year ending December 31, 2002.

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa January 21, 2003



Practical Applications, Innovative Results

209 S. White Street Mt. Pleasant, IA 52641 (319) 385-3026 Fax (319) 385-0581 Additional Offices: Centerville Fairfield Marshalltown Oskaloosa Ottumwa Pella Sigourney

www.tdtpc.com

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirement Under SEC Rule 15c 3-3

Board of Directors and Stockholder Schoff & Baxter, Inc. Burlington, Iowa

The Company does not complete information for possession or control requirements under 15c 3-3 as they claim an exemption under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) – Customer transactions cleared through another broker dealer: RBC Dain Rauscher, Inc. SEC file number 8-045411.

Theobald, Donohue & Thompson, P.C.

Mt. Pleasant, Iowa January 21, 2003